United Nations S/2001/1016

Security Council

Distr.: General
29 October 2001

Original: English

Draft resolution

The Security Council,

Recalling all its previous resolutions and statements of its President on the situation in Burundi, in particular the statement of its President of 26 September 2001 (S/PRST/2001/26),

Reaffirming that the Arusha Peace and Reconciliation Agreement of August 2000 (Arusha Agreement) remains the most viable basis for a resolution of the conflict together with the continued efforts to build an internal political partnership in Burundi,

Expressing deep concern at the ongoing violence and insecurity in Burundi,

Noting with concern the implications of the situation in Burundi for the region as well as the consequences for Burundi of continued regional instability,

Reiterating its strong support for the facilitation of former President Nelson Mandela in his efforts to achieve a peaceful solution to the conflict in Burundi,

Supporting the efforts of the Secretary-General to enhance the role of the United Nations in Burundi, and in particular the continued work of his Special Representative for the Great Lakes region, as well as in his capacity as Chairman of the Implementation Monitoring Committee (IMC),

Commending the continued efforts of, and support from, the Organization of African Unity/African Union for a peaceful resolution of the conflict,

Welcoming the agreement reached at the Summit of the Regional Initiative on 11 October 2001 in Pretoria, South Africa, on the legal framework and the structure of the transitional government, and the composition of the cabinet, the senate and the transitional national assembly,

Also welcoming the letter from the Foreign Minister of South Africa to the President of the Security Council of 23 October 2001 and the letter from the President of Burundi to the President of South Africa annexed thereto (S/2001/1013),

1. *Reaffirms* its strong support for the 1 November 2001 installation of the transitional government in Burundi;

2. *Calls* on the parties to the Arusha Agreement and the armed groups, namely the Forces pour la Défense de la Démocratie (FDD) and Forces Nationales

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de Libération (FNL), to put an end immediately to all acts of violence against civilians;

3. *Calls* on the FDD and FNL to cease immediately all hostilities, enter into negotiations and join the peace process, and *calls* on all the States of the region to support fully the process;

4. *Endorses* the efforts of the Government of South Africa and other member States to support the implementation of the Arusha Agreement, and *strongly supports* in this regard the establishment of an interim multinational security presence in Burundi, at the request of its Government, to protect returning political leaders and train an all-Burundian protection force;

5. *Requests* the Government of Burundi to keep the Council informed of progress to establish an all-Burundian protection force;

6. *Reiterates* its willingness to consider, in the light of progress in the peace process, further contributions to the peace process and the implementation of the Arusha Agreement;

7. *Urges* the international community, with the installation of the transitional government, to provide additional assistance, including by honouring fully the pledges made by donors during the Paris Conference of December 2000;

8. *Decides* to remain actively seized of the matter.

United Nations S/2001/1017

Security Council

Distr.: General
26 October 2001
English
Original: French

Letter dated 23 October 2001 from the Permanent Representative of Belgium to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to bring to your attention the statement on Cyprus-the United Nations process, issued on 23 October 2001 by the Presidency of the European Union on behalf of the European Union (see annex).

I should be grateful if you would have the text of this letter and its annex distributed as a document of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) Jean **de Ruyt**
Permanent Representative of Belgium to the United Nations

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Annex to the letter dated 23 October 2001 from the Permanent Representative of Belgium to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Statement on Cyprus — the United Nations process issued on 23 October 2001 by the Presidency of the European Union on behalf of the European Union

The European Union supports the statement by the President of the United Nations Security Council of 26 September 2001, in particular the disappointment expressed at the refusal of the Turkish side to take part in the meeting on 12 September 2001. It continues to back unreservedly the efforts of the United Nations Secretary-General to resume, without preconditions, in line with Security Council resolution 1250 (1999), the search for a comprehensive and lasting settlement in conformity with the relevant Security Council resolutions, and calls on all parties involved to cooperate in the process with a view to achieving a political settlement before the end of the negotiations for the accession of Cyprus to the European Union.

United Nations S/2001/1018

Security Council

Distr.: General
26 October 2001
English
Original: English and Russian

Letter dated 26 October 2001 from the Permanent Representatives of Afghanistan, the Russian Federation and Tajikistan to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

We have the honour to transmit the text of the statement on the results of the meeting of Heads of State of the Russian Federation, the Republic of Tajikistan and the Islamic State of Afghanistan, held at Dushanbe on 22 October 2001 (see annex).

We would be grateful if the text of the present letter and its annex were to be distributed as a document of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) Ravan A. G. **Farhadi**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of the Islamic State of Afghanistan
to the United Nations

(*Signed*) Rashid **Alimov**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of the Republic of Tajikistan
to the United Nations

(*Signed*) Sergey **Lavrov**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of the Russian Federation to the United Nations

01-60551 (E) 261001

Annex to the letter dated 26 October 2001 from the Permanent Representatives of Afghanistan, the Russian Federation and Tajikistan to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Statement on the results of the meeting of Heads of State of the Russian Federation, the Republic of Tajikistan and the Islamic State of Afghanistan, adopted at the meeting in Dushanbe, 22 October 2001

On 22 October 2001, on the initiative of President Emomali Rakhmonov of the Republic of Tajikistan, a Tajik-Afghan-Russian top-level meeting was held in Dushanbe to discuss the situation in Afghanistan.

The foreign and defence ministers and other officials took part in the meeting.

The sides have noted the necessity and urgency of holding regular consultations at different levels with regard to the extremely tense situation in and around Afghanistan. The refusal by the Taliban regime to fulfil the conditions of the anti-terrorist coalition has brought with it new sufferings for the Afghan people and the wave of refugees and displaced persons is mounting.

The sides have stated that an essential precondition for the transfer of the resolution of the situation in Afghanistan to the political channel is the unconditional fulfilment of the demands of the anti-terrorist coalition, including the handing-over of those who inspired and organized the terrorist acts of 11 September 2001 in New York and Washington, D.C., the abolition of the rule of the Taliban, who have provided shelter for terrorist and extremist groups on the territory they control, and the disbandment and complete disarmament of their armed units.

The sides have emphasized that, for the long-term resolution of the situation in Afghanistan, it is also necessary to speed up the process of political settlement, and once again noted their readiness to actively join in this important work.

The sides have expressed their strong conviction that the political process must be aimed at creating a widely representative government, including the representatives of all the peoples and ethnic groups concerned, to be formed as a result of the free expression of their will.

The sides have noted the necessity to reinvigorate the role of the United Nations and of all the States that are willing to render assistance in the political resolution of the situation in that long-suffering country.

The Tajik and the Russian sides have confirmed their readiness to lend the Government of the Islamic State of Afghanistan the necessary support in its struggle against the Taliban regime in order to create conditions for resolving the protracted crisis in Afghanistan.

The sides, expressing deep concern about the humanitarian situation in Afghanistan, have appealed to the world community to step up aid to the population of that country.

United Nations S/2001/1019

Security Council

Distr.: General
29 October 2001
English
Original: Arabic

Letter dated 26 October 2001 from the Permanent Representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

As the Chairman of the Arab Group for the month of October 2001 and on behalf of the States members of the League of Arab States, I have the honour to inform you that the Arab Group wishes to draw the Security Council's attention to the continuing grave deterioration of the situation in the occupied Palestinian territory, including Jerusalem, and the continuation of the bloody military campaign conducted by the Israel occupation forces against the Palestinian people, which has caused more than 37 deaths and the wounding of dozens of persons since those forces reoccupied the towns and villages which are under the total control of the Palestinian Authority. These forces have not halted their occupation of these regions. It should be pointed out here that the total number of Palestinian martyrs that have been killed by the occupation forces since the beginning of the great Intifadah exceeds 720 persons.

The Arab Group also draws attention to the request by the States members of the Organization of the Islamic Conference that the Security Council hold a meeting on an urgent basis in order to take the necessary measures to ensure the immediate and complete Israeli withdrawal from the areas that they have reoccupied recently.

In this context, the Arab Group considers it regrettable that the Security Council has not taken immediate measures in accordance with its obligations with regard to the maintenance of international peace and security and is most displeased with the weakness of the position expressed in the press communiqué, in particular because it was issued more than two days after the request was made that the necessary measures should be taken immediately.

In view of the foregoing, the Arab Group urgently requests the Security Council to consider on an urgent basis the current situation and to adopt the necessary resolution on the matter, particularly with regard to the immediate and complete withdrawal of the Israeli occupation forces.

I should be grateful if you would draw the attention of the members of the Council to this letter and have it distributed as a document of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) Abuzed Omar **Dorda**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya
to the United Nations
Chairman of the Arab Group

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United Nations S/2001/1020

Security Council

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29 October 2001
English
Original: Russian

Letter dated 18 October 2001 from the Permanent Representative of Armenia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

As the Permanent Representative of the country currently holding the Chairmanship of the Council of the Treaty on Collective Security and the Council of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the Treaty on Collective Security, I have the honour to transmit herewith the text of the statement by the participants in the extraordinary meeting of the Committee of Secretaries of the Security Councils of the States parties to the Treaty on Collective Security, which took place on 9 October 2001 in Dushanbe (see annex).

I should be most grateful if you would have the text of this statement circulated as a document of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) Movses **Abelian**
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
Permanent Representative of the Republic of Armenia

01-60741 (E) 301001 301001

Annex to the letter dated 18 October 2001 from the Permanent Representative of Armenia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

[Original: Russian]

9 October 2001

The participants in the meeting, having thoroughly considered the situation that is developing on the southern boundaries of the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) and in the Central Asian region as well as the urgent questions with regard to counteracting international terrorism and religious extremism, unanimously note the exceptional importance in the current situation of close, all-round cooperation on the part of the corresponding structures of the States parties to the Treaty on Collective Security and the other countries of the Commonwealth of Independent States, as well as the need for an ongoing exchange of information, the speedy reaching of agreement on assessments of the situation that is taking shape, and the elaboration of agreed approaches and positions.

To these ends, the participants in the meeting consider it necessary to submit, in the established manner for the consideration of the CIS Council of Heads of State, a proposal to establish an inter-State committee on security questions.

The participants in the meeting stress the readiness of their countries to actively assist the international community in its efforts to form a global anti-terrorist front, including steps to draw up a general convention on combating international terrorism. They support the idea of establishing, under the aegis of the United Nations, a broad international fund for financing specific counter-terrorist operations. They recognize that it is necessary for the States parties to the Treaty to engage in broad international cooperation aimed at suppressing the financing of terrorist activities. In this connection, the participants noted the importance of Security Council resolution 1373 (2001) of 28 September 2001.

Decisive measures must be taken to foil the plans of terrorist and extremist organizations which, under the cover of religious — and, in particular, Islamic — slogans, are striving to seize power in various countries and regions. At the same time, there must be no question of equating the millions of faithful Muslims with the terrorist fanatics.

The participants in the meeting consider, in the present situation, the dissemination of interpretive information among broad sectors of public opinion a most important aspect of combating international terrorism. They believe that various international forums and meetings should be organized and conducted to consolidate world public opinion in support of decisive action against terrorism, under whatever banner it flies. In that connection, the participants support the proposal by the Russian Muslim religious authorities that an international conference should be held in Moscow entitled "Islam against Terrorism".

Having discussed the situation in Afghanistan and the surrounding areas in the context of the current anti-terrorist operation, the participants in the meeting emphasize that, at this crucial juncture, the sound political forces in Afghanistan should combine efforts with a view to restoring peace and stability in that country. They are in favour of continuing to provide the vital assistance given to the

internationally recognized Government of Afghanistan and to supply humanitarian aid to the Afghan people.

With regard to cooperation between the CIS member States and the United States of America and its closest allies, the participants note the importance of maintaining the policies agreed by their countries in respect of the conduct of the anti-terrorist operation in Afghanistan.

The meeting examined a series of practical measures which would, when implemented, help to improve the capacities and potential of the Treaty on Collective Security in combating international terrorism. In particular, the urgent need to step up efforts to set up a mechanism for the exchange of operative information among the States parties was recognized.

The participants in the meeting note the urgent need to carry out the task of developing a clearly defined system for managing the collective rapid deployment forces. In that connection, they emphasize that the command and the headquarters, currently being established, of the collective rapid deployment forces need daily contact with and guidance in their activities from the headquarters for coordinating military cooperation among the CIS member States.

The meeting focused attention on the importance, in the present circumstances, of strengthening all the activities of the CIS Anti-terrorist Centre. With that aim in view, the members of the Committee called upon the CIS member States to provide funding for the Centre and its office in Bishkek to enable them to carry out the full range of their functions at the appropriate level.

On behalf of the participants in the meeting

(*Signed*) V. **Rushailo**
Chairman of the Committee of Secretaries of the Security Councils
of the States parties to the Treaty on Collective Security
Secretary of the Security Council of the Russian Federation